

Though we hope that this booklet is reasonably comprehensive and will answer most questions or direct you to useful sources of information, in the nature of things it will not answer all questions or include all necessary information.

The Property Committee hopes to produce further editions from time to time and would therefore welcome suggestions for improvement. Please contact the Dean with any comments or suggestions:

tel. 01698 429895, email: dean@glasgow.anglican.org

Diocese of Glasgow and Galloway

NOTES AND GUIDANCE FOR VESTRIES AND PROPERTY CONVENERs

- **Funding – grants, loans, etc**
- **Equality Act**
- **Developing your properties**
- **Managing projects**
- **Canon 35 – changes and alterations to churches**
- **Employing tradesmen and contractors**
- **Health and Safety, Risk Assessment**
- **Provincial & Diocesan Guidelines**

ISSUED BY
THE DIOCESAN PROPERTY COMMITTEE 2015

Introduction

The Diocesan Property Committee exists to offer help, advice, support and encouragement in all aspects of the care of properties. Its official remit is: *to promote and encourage good stewardship and imaginative use of properties for the ministry and mission of our congregations.* To this end we meet monthly in the Diocesan Centre, but are also more than happy to arrange visits to churches and to invite churches to attend our meetings to discuss problems and projects.

If you want to rewire or relight we can come and advise. If you want to develop your hall with a view to community use, we can help. We process and have to approve all applications for grants under the Dunderdale and other Provincial and diocesan Funds. We can advise both the Bishop's Staff Group and through it the Diocesan Council, concerning diocesan loans. We can make emergency grants for repairs. Most importantly, we consider, alongside the Bishop, all proposed alterations to church buildings under Canon 35. If you want to remove pews, re-order your sanctuary, put in a new window, redecorate your church, rewire or relight – you must have both the committee's and the bishop's consent.

We also administer all properties belonging to the diocese and advise the Diocesan Trustees on all sales of property in the diocese, whether it be land or buildings.

The best way to contact the committee is to approach the Dean, The Very Revd Ian Barcroft, who is its convener: tel. 01698 429895

email: dean@glasgow.anglican.org

He is always willing to offer help or advice, if it is only to direct you to the right person!

On Care of Properties in the Diocese of Glasgow and Galloway:

Every Vestry should have an officer of the vestry who has overall responsibility for the care of church, hall and rectory. She or he is normally called the **Property Convener**. They may work on their own, drawing in the necessary help from time to time, or they may work with a group or committee. The priest and members of the vestry should help the property convener by keeping their eyes open as they use the buildings. Walk around the buildings very regularly just to see if there is anything obviously amiss – a leaky gutter, slates off, decayed pointing. And if you see anything notify the property convener immediately.

The tools of the property convener's trade, apart from whatever personal knowledge and expertise they may have, and the eagle eyes of clergy and laity, are two:

Quinquennial Report

Every charge is required every five years to commission a detailed survey of the properties – church, hall and rectory – which will exhaustively describe the current state of the fabric and recommend work to be done in various categories of urgency for the next five years. It is these recommendations which should be used by Property Convener and Vestry to draw up and budget for a five-year scheme of works so that you can keep on top of the properties. The Property Register, issued to every charge by the Diocesan Property Committee, contains guidelines for these reports and record sheets for work undertaken in consequence of them.

Property Register

This should include all the updated information needed to help the Vestry administer all its properties responsibly and effectively. Contact details of trades, their work, payments, warranties, inventories, insurances, policies etc can be found here. It is an indispensable resource regarding the continual maintenance, improvement and care of the buildings recording all the detail a Vestry requires.

Other Resources to help you:

Websites:

SEC Vestry Resources

<http://www.scotland.anglican.org/vestry-resources/buildings/>

Maintain your Church

Scotland's Churches Trust

<http://www.scotlandchurchestrust.org.uk/maintain-your-church/>

Ecclesiastical Insurance

<http://www.ecclesiastical.com/churchmatters/index.aspx>

Church of England Church Care

www.churchcare.co.uk

Church Buildings Renewal Trust

www.cbrt.org.uk

Faith in Maintenance run by Society for the Protection of Ancient buildings

www.spabfim.org.uk

Dean's Visitations

In this Diocese the Dean is *ex officio* Convener of the Property Committee and during regular visits to charges will cast an eye over churches, halls and rectories. Visitation letters will usually indicate any immediate concerns about the property, especially about clergy houses. More often than not they are in good repair and more often than not vestries work very hard to keep them that way. The Dean and the Committee are fully aware that the care of rectories is a major charge upon Vestries. The Property Committee will do all in its power to help Vestries upgrade rectories and deal with problems that arise, especially in older properties.

On Funding:

Building Grants and Loans

Vestries are reminded that they should implement a planned maintenance programme in accordance with the recommendations of the Quinquennial Report. Failure to do so may imperil the award of grants. If there is any difficulty in developing and implementing such a plan the Property Committee should be approached for help.

Information on financial help available to Charges can be found in the SEC Vestry Resources Webpage on the following link:

<http://www.scotland.anglican.org/vestry-resources/buildings>

Funding application forms and guidance can be obtained from the Diocesan Centre or downloaded from the above website. The following is a summary of the help which is available.

1. ***Dunderdale Building Fund.*** This fund provides maintenance grants of up to £3,500. Grants will not exceed 50% of the cost and the project cost must be at least £1,500. As a measure of financial need grants will not normally be considered if reserves

exceed two times annual turnover. Applications can be submitted any time and will be considered first by the Diocesan Property Committee and, if approved, will be passed to the next quarterly meeting of the Provincial Finance Committee. Grant applications **must** be made before proceeding with the work. At least two, and preferably three quotes for the work are required for making a grant application.

2. **Grants for Quinquennial Reports.** The Dunderdale Fund may also provide grants towards the cost of Quinquennial Reports in case of demonstrable need. Application should be made to the Diocesan Property Committee, which must endorse such applications before the inspection goes ahead.
3. **Emergency Repairs Grants.** Grants are sometimes available from the Diocese for Charges unable to meet their share of the cost of urgent and essential repairs. Application should be made to the Property Committee, as soon as possible.
4. **Building Loans.** These are available from either the Diocese or the Province but in either case application should be made to the Diocese. Application for a loan must be made prior to the work going ahead. They are repayable, with interest, usually over a five-year period by monthly instalments.
5. **SEC Maintenance and Development Fund.** - This provides help for major projects (although since 2009 this has not been available but is being considered for re-introduction in 2016). As the annual budget is usually substantially oversubscribed allocations are made only once each year at the Provincial Finance Committee in February. Applications should be submitted in time to be considered by the Diocesan Property Committee the previous October.
6. **External Funding.** In most cases it will be necessary to seek external funding towards the cost of larger projects. **Historic Scotland** and the **Heritage Lottery Fund** are the two main

funding bodies in relation to listed buildings. Project information requirements may also be funded and an early approach is necessary. Grants are also sometimes available from the **Scottish Churches Trust / National Churches Trust** or from a local landfill operator through the landfill tax scheme. Contact the Diocesan Office for further advice on the landfill tax scheme. There are also many local and national private trusts who may be willing to provide small grants, including local renewable energy schemes This is a complex area and the Diocese has a small pool of people with some experience who are available to give advice. Reference can also be made to the excellent publication *Sources of Financial Help for Scotland's Historic Buildings* (Published by the Scottish Civic Trust on behalf of Historic Scotland) and to *A Directory of Grants for Places of Worship in Scotland* (Published by the Scottish Civic Trust on behalf of Historic Scotland). The Heritage Lottery Fund and Historic Scotland also publish an application pack entitled *Repair Grants for Places of Worship in Scotland*. Grant funding must be secured before any work begins.

Details of a large number of trusts can also be found in the three publications *A Guide to the Major Trusts*, *Directory of Grant Making Trusts* and *Directory of Scottish Grant Making Trusts* which should be available through your local library or Council for Voluntary Service. Websites should be visited for current information.

VAT

The construction of a new building and work to an existing building is normally standard rated (20%). However there are exceptions in relation to **Listed Churches**:-

1. A new annex is normally zero rated.

2. Alterations (not repairs) are charged at standard rate of 20% but if a formal permission has been given through a canon 35 or planning / listed building consent, it is possible to reclaim the VAT from the Listed Places of Worship Grant scheme.
3. Whilst repairs and professional fees are standard rated a grant under the Listed Places of Worship Grant Scheme can, under certain conditions, reclaim the VAT.

In addition the construction cost of alterations for making provision for the disabled in **any building** is zero rated.

Further information on VAT in relation to buildings and construction can be found in *VAT notice 701/7* available from HM Revenue and Customs. However this is a complex area and in relation to large projects expert advice might be necessary.

On Disability Discrimination:

The Disability Discrimination Act has been replaced by the Equality Act 2010 and consequently references in this document to the former Act should be read as referring to the latter. The general principles articulated in this guidance nevertheless remain appropriate.

The Act requires that all public buildings are made accessible and useable for people with disabilities. In the case of existing churches adaptation may be very difficult to achieve and the requirements are that all *reasonable* measures be taken to provide facilities. Some areas have an "Access Panel" who may be able to give advice. Alterations may require planning and/or Listed Building consents and a Building Warrant. In some cases Canon 35 consent may also be required. Please consult the SEC Vestry Resources Website for guidance on issues of access, and the Access Audit Checklist.

On the Development of our Properties:

Development Deals for your Property

Early contact with the Diocese can help with guidance and support. The legal issues can be complicated and take some time to resolve and it may be necessary for the charge to consider having a professional adviser of their own.

Issues that need to be considered:

- Ensure reasonable value is being offered.
- If facilities are being provided (new hall, rectory etc) the specification should be discussed early to agree space and accommodation, method of construction, durability and maintenance life.
- Are there setting or design qualities of the existing buildings that require particular consideration e.g. alongside a Listed Building, protected trees etc.
- Who has responsibility for professional design and fees, obtaining planning, Listed Building and Building Warrant consents?
- Will the other user compromise your own use of the buildings?
- Will there be sufficient funds for the long-term management and running costs?
- Agree at the outset a programme and any phasing of occupation for the development .
- A suitable person is required to coordinate the church involvement but this should **not** be one of the clergy.

The Letting of Church Properties

It will be desirable to let out church properties from time to time to support the charge (N.B. This does not refer to 'hall lets' where various groups will use the church hall on a routine basis). **Professional advice is essential.**

There are two types of let - **Residential** where houses or flats will be rented to individuals and **Commercial** where buildings which can be used for offices or some other business function are rented to companies or organisations.

Residential Lets

These are governed by Assured Tenancy Agreements (ATA). The Short ATA must be for at least 6 months initially and will thereafter continue assuming agreement of both parties.

The agreement will cover:-

- a) Rent, deposit payable and term
- b) Landlords obligations
- c) Tenants obligations

Commercial Lets

These can be long or short term. Long term leases may last for any period and will include provision for rent reviews at regular intervals. Short term leases may last from a few months to a few years. Normally there is no provision for rent review.

Letting assets both residential and commercial is complicated by legislation, planning issues and the need to ensure that the market rent is obtained. In the first instance charges should contact the property committee with their proposals. The property committee in turn will deliberate and advise further.

On Canon 35, Of the Structure, Furniture and Monuments of Churches, and the Due Care Thereof:

Canon 35 governs alterations to the interiors and exteriors of places of worship (*it does not cover halls or rectories*).¹ People responsible for property should familiarize themselves with the text of the Canon. The Property Committee and the Bishop, in administering the procedures under the Canon, aim to help charges in the creative maintenance and development of their buildings. The Canon is there to make sure that any changes are appropriate and properly planned, put out to proper consultation, and have the general support of the congregation. Proposals which fail to meet these basic criteria will be referred back for further discussion and the Committee will be very happy to take part in such discussions by making site visits and meeting concerned parties.

The following guidance notes outline the procedures. Any questions about procedures under the Canon should be referred to the Dean in the first instance and in particular it may be worth seeking advice as to whether a proposed change comes under the Canon.

Notice Of Experimental Re-Ordering Of A Church Building

1. Charges are permitted to undertake experimental reordering for a period of not less than 3 nor longer than 9 months as long as all work is fully reversible and no structural alteration is involved.

¹ In the case of alterations to the exteriors of *listed* buildings, application needs to be made for listed building consent under the provisions of the pilot scheme to apply listed building control for exteriors of churches in ecclesiastical use – see the booklet *Pilot Scheme to Apply Listed Building Control for Exteriors of Churches in Ecclesiastical Use* (Published by Historic Scotland).

2. The procedure for experimental re-ordering requires the appropriate notification form to be submitted to the Committee through the Diocesan Office **at least 2 weeks before any reordering works begin.**
3. The application form (Notice of Experimental Re-ordering) should be completed *in full* prior to submission.
4. Charges are required to submit plans of the proposed reordering together with photographs of the affected items. The purpose of this requirement is to assist in the assessment of any application, and fully to record the reordering both 'before' and 'after'. Charges should ensure that any plans are clearly presented and to scale.
5. If it is intended that the change is to be made permanent charges must advise the Property Committee one month in advance of the end of the experimental period and then submit an application for consent.

Canon 35 Approval

1. Canon 35 Approval is required for the following works:
 - a) Alteration, extension or demolition of all or parts of the building structure.
 - b) Introduction, alteration or removal of:
 - Ecclesiastical furniture
 - Ornaments
 - Monuments
 - Mural tablets²
 - Engraved, painted or stained glass windows
 - Other ecclesiastical items as may be identified
 - c) Introduction, alteration, removal or extension of:

² Introduction of new plaques or tablets will not be permitted.

Decoration
Lighting systems
Heating systems
Sound systems

Advertisement and Notification:

Experience suggests that it is most helpful for vestries, in advance of any pre-application, to agree, publish to the congregation and adhere to a timetable for each stage of the entire process.

When planning changes it is advised that, as well as specific procedures for written representations outlined below, the fullest possible consultation be made with the congregation, through special meetings, display of plans, etc. The Property Committee will always wish to be assured of such consultation and have clear evidence of it.

It is important to note that this is a two-stage process with pre-application and application.

2. Prior to proceeding with any works requiring Canon 35 Approval, charges are required to carry out the following notification and consultation procedures.
3.
 - a) Advertise the proposals to the congregation by any or all of the following:
 - Publication in Parish Magazine
 - Announcement in church
 - Presentation at a Congregational General Meeting
 - b) Where the church is Listed, notification of the proposals should also be issued to each of the following:

Historic Scotland, Architectural Heritage Society of Scotland
The Local Planning Office
Any Local Civic/Amenity Society affiliated to the Scottish
Civic Trust

If you have any doubts please seek advice from the Diocesan Property Committee

4. The notification/consultation procedure requires that members of the congregation and in the case of Listed Buildings any other external bodies be allowed a minimum of 4 weeks in which to make written representations on the proposals.
5. Having notified the congregation, and in the case of Listed Buildings all other external bodies, charges should complete and submit the ***Pre-Application Notice for Canon 35 Approval***. Charges should note that this Pre-Application form should be submitted to the Diocesan Office **as soon as the congregation and external bodies have been notified of the proposals**. Charges should not wait for responses before submitting this Pre-Application form.
6. Except for very minor approvals charges will be required to submit plans of any proposed alterations together with photographs of the affected areas. The purpose of this requirement is to ensure that all applications can be fully and properly assessed, by both the Bishop and the Property Committee. Where required Plans 'as existing' and 'as proposed' should accompany all applications. Charges should ensure that these plans are clearly presented and to a scale of at least 1:50.

Application For Consent

7. Following submission of any Pre-Application Notice for Canon 35 Approval, charges have 6 months in which to make an application for consent to the Bishop and the Property Committee through the Diocesan Office.
8. Vestries are required to consider any written representations received from congregational members or external bodies in response to the advertisement and notification procedures adopted. This does not necessarily mean that the proposals will need amendment, but the Bishop and Property Committee will require evidence that any written representations received have been fully and properly considered. *The Property Committee and/or the Bishop may wish to make comments at this stage.*
9. Copies of all written representations received (together with minutes of any congregational general meetings including *clear statements of any votes taken*) should be submitted to the Diocesan Office when lodging the Application for Canon 35 Approval. The application also requires that any alterations made to the original proposals as a response to written representations received and/or congregational meetings held be identified and briefly described.
10. Two copies of all final plans 'as existing' and 'as proposed' should accompany the Application for Canon 35 Approval. As before charges should ensure that these plans are clearly presented and to a scale of at least 1:50. One copy of the plans will be returned to the charge on approval (or refusal) of any application for Canon 35 consent.

11. The Bishop and Property Committee will decide independently within 4 weeks of receipt of any Application for Canon 35 Approval, whether to grant or refuse consent.
12. If charges are unhappy with any decision made by the Bishop and/or the Property Committee appeals can be made in writing to the Provincial Buildings Advisory Committee (PBAC). This committee will decide any appeal within 12 weeks of submission. Its decision is final. Guidelines for making appeals are available from the General Synod Office.
13. Any consent granted under Canon 35 is valid for 3 years. If work for which consent has been granted has not begun within this 3 year period the consent will lapse.
14. *Work must not start until both the Bishop's and Property Committee's consents have been received.*

On the Employment of Tradesmen and Contractors:

From time to time the Property Committee receives requests from Vestries and Property Conveners for a list of property professionals—architects, lawyers, builders, etc—recommended by the Diocese. This simply is not possible, but the Committee offers some basic guidelines.

Maintenance Work

Reliable tradesmen are worth seeking out and cultivating. For regular maintenance, small repairs and occasional emergencies, it is far better to have an arrangement with a local plumber, electrician, joiner and perhaps jobbing builder, than to go through a tendering process for every piece of work. Local business directories can be useful sources,

as can local newspapers, but personal recommendation is by far the best. Check with neighbouring congregations (including other denominations) and members of your own congregation.

Appropriate qualifications are essential, for example asbestos removers.

Check that your tradesmen all carry appropriate employers and third party liability insurance.

If an ongoing relationship is to be established (perhaps after a trial period), a formal agreement is useful.

Agree an hourly rate and a percentage mark-up on the cost of materials, which should be updated annually, and ask to be billed on a labour-plus-materials basis. In this way, the accuracy of invoicing can be fairly readily checked. Do not forget the VAT where applicable. Agree payment dates and stick to them. Emergency callout times and payments should also be agreed and annually reviewed. In this way, a series of rolling annual maintenance contracts is effectively created. Should a minor emergency occur, your maintenance regime should be able to cope with it.

Steeplejack inspections

If you have a high roof, tower or spire it may be useful to have a video inspection carried out by a steeplejack . Their report can help with the development of a maintenance plan. There are a number of specialists and it is strongly advised that quotes are sought from several firms before going ahead. The diocese does not recommend that you enter into an annual inspection contract and despite warnings that there may be "urgent" or "emergency" work to be carried out, please seek advice from the Property Committee first and seek alternative quotes for the work.

Major Repairs, Renewals and Restorations

All major works must be notified to the Property Committee (and some may need the Committee's approval). The Committee has issued guidelines for the management of such projects (available from the Diocesan Office) and is always available for consultation and advice on the categories of professionals and contractors needed for each project.

Through the Property Committee the Diocesan Architect may give early informal advice and thereafter, by agreement with the congregation, may be engaged professionally. It is essential that those supervising a project do so in a professional capacity, and not as a favour, so that everyone complies with legal requirements and is properly covered by insurances and indemnities: projects virtually always encounter problems at some point and it is only by keeping everything on a professional basis through proper contracts and agreed procedures that collapsed projects, recriminations and financial disaster can be avoided.

Tendering

For all major work, a tendering process is essential: the architect's specification for the work is issued to several potential contractors, who use it to price their bid for the work. On smaller projects, it may be sufficient for the Property Convener, on behalf of the Vestry, to describe the necessary work. In either event, the tenders usually highlight areas of difficulty, or items missed from the specification. It's important not to accept immediately the lowest quote but to analyse and compare the various quotes to identify which is best value. Often, that isn't the cheapest.

Grants

There is more detailed information on grants elsewhere in this leaflet. At this point, it is simply worth noting that most grant-giving bodies

require evidence of competitive tendering. If you are seeking a smaller grant (for example, from the Church's Dunderdale Fund) and propose to use a firm with which you have an established relationship, it is advisable to include details of your time-and-materials agreement. Such a grant application will not necessarily be rejected, but you must demonstrate that you are satisfied as to value-for-money.

Most grants take considerable time and effort to obtain, and can only be part of a planned project. They are usually paid retrospectively. In the event of a genuine emergency, the Diocese can move quickly to offer a grant, or interim payment, or a loan, as appropriate. In the first instance, contact the Property Committee.

Asbestos

Every church and church hall are required by law to have an asbestos register identifying type and location of asbestos, which can only be removed by a licenced contractor. A qualified specialist should carry out the survey. Should a refurbishment or alteration project take place, a further more detailed survey may be necessary. If there is the least doubt about the presence of asbestos where there is proposed work contact the Property Committee immediately.

Help and advice from the Property Committee

The Committee does not just exist to ensure compliance with laws and canons. The members have a wealth of experience of property matters, and are always glad to offer "first instance" help and advice on how to go about things: we all have a shared interest in ensuring that the Church's built heritage is properly maintained. Don't feel you have to wrestle with intractable problems on your own. Whatever your property problem, it has happened to someone else in the Diocese before, and their experience can help you.

On Health and Safety:

Policy Statements

Under Health & Safety legislation all employers of five or more employees are required to have a written statement of their Health and Safety Policy in addition to a fully comprehensive Safety Policy which must be reviewed at regular intervals. There is no statutory prescription as to the content of the policy, but the need for and the terms of such a policy are intended to ensure that all Charge Vestries have a clearly defined understanding of what their health and safety responsibilities and goals should be and *it is strongly recommended that the policy statement circulated by the Diocese or a variant of it adapted to the needs of a particular charge be adopted by all Vestries regardless of the number of employees.*

Written Statement of Policy

As a matter of best practice, all Charges should display a written statement of their Health and Safety policy at the main entrances to all buildings.

Risk Assessments

Church premises are, or should be, low-risk environments, and health and safety requirements, particularly risk assessments, should be straightforward enough and a matter of common sense. It is essential that regular risk assessments (including fire risks) be carried out and that the results be recorded. A leaflet, *Five Steps to Risk Assessment* is available from the Health and Safety Executive.

Please consult the self-help *Church Health and Safety Policy with guidance notes* which can be downloaded from the Church Matters section of the Ecclesiastical Insurance website or the Church Safety website www.churchsafety.org.uk

Fire Safety

It is a legal requirement that every public building, including churches and church halls, should have a Fire Evacuation strategy. The vestry should assess the risks and develop a working document for the congregation and users. The diocesan property committee and the church insurer's can assist with advice (especially for the care of clergy in housing provided by Vestries and when letting property).

There is not a legal requirement for full compliance with current building regulations unless the church needs a public entertainments licence, or substantial alterations are taking place.

So far as fire safety assessments are concerned, please consult the document, *Health and Safety Guidance notes*, available on the Diocesan Website under downloads and the above under Risk Assessments. If an Entertainment licence is required, charges should also contact their local Fire Brigade who will be happy to inspect and advise.

Hall users

Finally, there should be a separate, section which covers particular rules that may have to be applied to the use of hall premises by outside groups. Whether this section will be required will depend on the nature and use made of the particular Charge's accommodation. Such rules do not need to be part of the policy statement but should be issued as a separate document to hall users or referred to in any letting agreement. Clearly, it is important that all users are aware of their fire safety responsibilities and further, that this may be a requirement, to ensure that there are no insurance contraventions.

A useful resource available online from the Church of Scotland is "Letting it Happen" which focuses on the basics of facilities management offering advice and information on Hall Letting, Key Holding and Security.

http://www.churchofscotland.org.uk/resources/subjects/building_and_property_resources

Artworks Inventory

There is a growing concern in the Province, and certainly in this Diocese, about the care and maintenance of artwork in our churches. With falling rolls and aging buildings very often we do not have the expertise within our congregations to attend to the artwork around us and it may fall into disrepair. The costs of restoration may well be prohibitive but there is a great deal we can do to prevent serious deterioration of the valuable legacy around us. Much of the woodwork especially in Reredos will benefit from a gentle vacuuming as dust is the major enemy to damage and worsening of the fabric. Similarly with stonework; remove excess dust and sand particles gently and regularly. Again with textiles, whether altar frontals or hangings, cleaning with a vacuum at a very low suction level will remove most of the damaging dust and dirt from the fabric. Any metalwork with fine features etched or engraved on the surface, or brass plaques situated on the walls inscribed with names or texts should be dusted with a dry, soft cloth and only polished as such perhaps once a year to prevent loss of the elements of the design or decoration. Much damage can be done to the fabric of the building and to the artwork therein due to fluctuations in temperature especially over the winter months. Similarly moisture in the air or leaking roofs can seriously affect artwork below. Heating temperatures should be gently raised and lowered over the seasons to avoid paint cracking and this alone can regulate the moisture content in the air. This is particularly the case with paintings; canvasses and the oil paint on them can be badly affected by radical changes in temperature and dampness which causes the fabric to expand and sag in the frame. All paintings in

church should be located in warm, dry areas to preserve and maintain their quality. The cleaning and restoration of paintings is a highly specialized process and should not be undertaken by an amateur. The repair of stained glass is also a highly specialised matter and should not be tackled by the local glazier. Professional expertise is called for and for any church in the diocese your first port of call is the Diocesan Centre.

An Inventory of all architectural and design characteristics of outstanding worth located in, or as part of the fabric, of the charge is required. Such items should be recorded and this will include specially commissioned items, items gifted to the charge, and original design features; specifically –
All Stained Glass work.
Murals and/or fixed artwork within the building, including wall tiles and floor tiles of distinction.
Decorative Metalwork.
Woodwork of notable merit.
Stonework of the same.
Any Font, Pulpit, Reredos, Organ etc. of specific quality.
Where possible photographic records should be made and forwarded to the Diocese.
All items noted should include: a list of their dimensions,
date of manufacture,
material of construction,
maker, designer or artist,
a general description of the piece.

Stained Glass

An Inventory of all stained glass of historical, artistic or outstanding worth, located in, or as part of the fabric, of the charge is required. Such items should be recorded and should include specially commissioned items, items gifted to the charge, and original design features.

It is hoped that the end product will be a guide to Stained Glass Treasures within the Diocese and that support for this project may be secured from the Scottish Stained Glass Symposium.

Where possible photographic records would prove most valuable and should be made and forwarded to the Diocese.

All items noted should include as much detail as possible:

- a list of their dimensions,
- date of manufacture where known,
- material of construction,
- maker, designer or artist, and/or donor,
- a general description of the piece, and
- any dedication.

Returns should be forwarded to The Diocesan Centre,
5 St. Vincent Place,
Glasgow. G1 2DH.

It is appreciated that this may be a major undertaking for some charges and will take some time to organise and facilitate. Your co-operation in this inventory is greatly appreciated and will leave a lasting legacy and historical resource for the Province.

Additional Information

From time to time the Provincial Buildings Advisory Committee and the Diocesan Property Committee and government agencies issue guidelines. Normally these are sent to Vestry Secretaries for distribution to the relevant persons in each charge. Please check for revised information, application forms and guidelines on the Diocesan website and the SEC Vestry Resources website.

The following are available:

Responsibilities of the Property Convener

Quinquennial Reports –
guidance regarding the preparation of quinquennial property surveys.

Canon 35 (including details on minor works, Pre-Application, Application, Notification of experimental re-ordering forms and Appeals)

Minimum standards for Clergy Housing

Equality Act (on Disability) - [on issues of access to church buildings](#).

Requirements for energy performance certificates for existing buildings.

Telecommunications Masts³

Sources of Funding for Repairs and Improvements to Church Buildings

³ Please note that the erection of such masts is usually considered to be a matter requiring consent under Canon 35